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Vitamin D Usage among Pakistani Population - Too Much of a Good Thing

Sir,

Vitamin D deficiency (VDD) is one of the most common nutritional disorders worldwide. This is also true in Pakistan as reported by Riaz and colleagues in their study, revealing VDD in 53.5% and insufficiency in 31.2% study participants.¹ There is growing awareness of VDD in the Pakistani population, which has resulted in vitamin D becoming a popular supplement in the community and is being used as one of the most common over the counter medicines. It is also being prescribed more frequently by physicians; with supplements ranging from vitamin D capsules to high dose (50,000 IU, 200,000 IU, and 600,000 IU) injections. Sometimes, these are continued for indefinite periods without baseline checking or follow-up monitoring of 25-OH vitamin D levels.

As a result of this increased consumption of vitamin D supplements by the general population and overcorrection of VDD by some healthcare practitioners, it is becoming a leading cause of hypervitaminosis D and hypercalcemia, also called as vitamin D toxicity (VDT).^{2,3} In literature, VDT has been reported from various parts of the world to be associated with significant morbidity and mortality.⁴ We are also witnessing many patients referred to our clinics and also as inpatient with VDT and serious problems. The true prevalence of VDT in the Pakistani population is not known so far, but is not uncommon, as reported by Khan *et al*;⁵ 27% of their patients with hypercalcemia were found to have VDT, where multiple high dose injections were given weekly to these patients for six to eight weeks.⁵ Our intent in sending this communication is to help create awareness amongst health professionals regarding VDT and appropriate replacement of vitamin D based on baseline 25-OH vitamin D levels, age and associated risk factors. Furthermore, general public should also be educated about the toxic consequences of this over the counter medicine.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST:

The authors declared no conflict of interest.

AUTHORS' CONTRIBUTION:

BD: Came up with idea to write this letter and design it.

SN: Revised it critically and approved final version to be published.

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